



STABLE CELL LINES FOR APOPTOSIS ASSAYS TagRFP-LMNB1/U2OS CELL LINE



Products Names: TagRFP-LaminB1/U2OS Resistance: G418 Format: 1 Cryopreserved vial

Quantity: > 3 x 10⁶ cells / vial **Storage:** Liquid Nitrogen

🔊 Assay Briefly description

The lamins are type V intermediate filaments which provide structure and mechanical support to the cell nucleus. Besides, they are involved in nuclear stability, reassembly of the nuclear envelope during mitosis, chromatin structure, anchoring of nuclear pore complexes and gene expression. Lamin-B1 is one of the Btype lamins present in humans.

Apoptosis is a controlled form of cell death used to kill cells during their development or in response to an infection or DNA damage. During apoptosis, nuclear structure is altered.

A U2OS/LaminB1-TagRFP cell line has been developed through stable transfection for monitoring the cellular apoptosis level through nuclear lamin morphological changes in cellbased assays. Each vial of Human tagRFP-laminB1/U2OS contains more than 3 million U2OS cells stably expressing human lamin B1 (LMNB1) tagged in the N-terminus with TagRFP. Both Innoprot's LMNB1 Apoptosis Assay Cell Lines has been designed to assay compounds or analyze stimuli for their ability to induce apoptosis in the cells analyzing their nuclear stability

About TagRFP

TagRFP is a monomeric red (orange) fluorescent protein generated from the wildtype RFP from sea anemone *Entacmaea quadricolor* [Merzlyak *et al.*, 2007]. It possesses bright fluorescence with excitation/emission maxima at 555 and 584 nm, respectively. TagRFP is about three times brighter than mCherry protein [Shaner *et al.*, 2004], which makes it the brightest monomeric red fluorescent protein available so far.



Assay Details (Ec50 = 3.8 x 10⁻ ⁸M)

To measure the apoptosis levels, U2OS/LaminB1-TagRFP were stimulated with Staurosporine.

Tagged lamin appears disassembled and forms round aggregates, loosing its structure.

The assay was developed and optimized using the BD Pathway HCS Reader and Attovision Compartmentalization Software.



Fig1 Nuclear area assay with Stauresporine. Concentrations ranging from 0 to 1 μM were tested after 6 h of incubation.



Fig2. Nuclear area assay curve.

Cells were treated with Staurosporine concentrations ranging from 0 to 1 $\mu M,$ n=6. The EC50 for Staurosporine was ~3.8x10-8M. The apoptosis assay was validated with a Z'= 0.61 +/- 0.02 for High Content Screening.

🧐 Quality controls

All cells are performance assayed and test negative for mycoplasma, bacteria, yeast and fungi. Cell viability, morphology and proliferative capacity are measured after recovery from cryopreservation. Innoprot stable expression for guarantees many generations and provides support for cell culture and visualization.

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